American ancestry. Officials of the Michigan State University Museum have also determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(2), the 18,622 objects listed above are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony. Lastly, officials of the Michigan State University Museum have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Little Traverse Bay Band of Odawa Indians.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Little Traverse Bay Band of Odawa Indians. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains and associated funerary objects should contact Dr. William A. Lovis, Curator and Professor of Anthropology, Michigan State University Museum, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI 48824-1045; telephone: (517) 355-3485, before October 19, 1998. Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Little Traverse Bay Band of Odawa Indians may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: September 3, 1998.

# Francis P. McManamon,

Departmental Consulting Archeologist, Manager, Archeology and Ethnography Program.

[FR Doc. 98–25041 Filed 9–17–98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-F

## **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

## **National Park Service**

Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects in the Possession of the Tioga County Historical Society, Owego, NY

AGENCY: National Park Service

**ACTION:** Notice

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.9, of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects in the possession of the Tioga County Historical Society, Owego, NY.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Tioga County Historical Society and Binghamton University professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Caygua Nation of New York.

In 1932, human remains representing two individuals were recovered from the Stakmore Furniture Factory site in Owego, NY during construction activities. No known individuals were identified. The twelve associated funerary objects recovered with these human remains include Sackett corded sherds, a Carpenter Brook rim sherd, a shell-tempered rim sherds with catellation, and two cord-marked body sherds. These associated funerary object have not been located in the collections of the Tioga County Historical Society.

Based on the apparent age of the human remains and presence of associated funerary objects, these individuals have been determined to be Native American. Based on the ceramic styles (Sackett [Farm] corded, Carpenter Brook, & rim sherds with castellations], the burials date to 1100–1450 A.D. Archeological evidence for this geographic area indicates these ceramic styles fit into the material culture continuum for the development of Cayuga ceramics.

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the Tioga County Historical Society have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of two individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of the Tioga County Historical Society have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and the Cayuga Nation of New York.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Cayuga Nation of New York, the Oneida Nation of New York, the Oneida Tribe of Wisconsin, the Onondaga Nation of New York, Seneca Nation of New York, the Seneca-Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma, the Stockbridge-Munsee Community of Mohican Indians of Wisconsin, the St. Regis Band of Mohawk Indians of New York, and the Tonawanda Band of Seneca Indians of New York. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains and associated funerary objects should contact Joann Lindstrom, Director of Collections, Tioga County Historical Society, 110 Front Street, Owego, NY 13827; telephone: (607) 687-2460, before October 19, 1998. Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Cayuga Nation of New York may begin

after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: September 8, 1998.

### Francis P. McManamon,

Departmental Consulting Archeologist, Manager, Archeology and Ethnography Program.

[FR Doc. 98-25098 Filed 9-17-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-70-F

#### **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

In accordance with Departmental policy, 28 CFR 50.7, notice is hereby given that a proposed Consent Decree in *United States* versus *Safety Light Corp.*, et al., Case No. 97–CV–5206, was lodged on August 14, 1998, in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey.

The Consent Decree resolves the United States' claim, pursuant to Section 107 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. 9607, for response costs incurred and to be incurred by EPA at the U.S. Radium Corp. Superfund Site ("the Site") in Essex County, New Jersey. Portions of the Site lie in the municipalities of Orange, East Orange, West Orange and South Orange, New Jersey.

Under the Consent Decree, the United States will receive \$1,556,065 in reimbursement of response costs. In addition, upon sale of the property owned by Safety Light Corp. at 4150–A Old Berwick Road in Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania, the United States will receive forty-five percent of the sale price of that property.

The Department of Justice will receive, for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication, comments relating to the proposed Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General for the Environment and Natural Resources Division, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20530, and should refer to *United States* versus *Safety Light Corp.*, et al., DOJ Ref. #90–11–3–1066.

The proposed Consent Decree may be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney in Newark, New Jersey; the Region II Office of the Environmental Protection Agency, 290 Broadway, New York, New York; and at the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, N.W., 3rd Floor, Washington,